



SYLLABUS

2015-2016



PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA
UNIVERSITY RAIPUR
CHHATTISGARH

COURSE OF STUDIES FOR M.A. EXAMINATION IN SOCIOLOGY
(UNDER SEMESTER SYSTEM IN UNIVERSITY TEACHING
DEPARTMENT AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES OF PT.
RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.)
EFFECTIVE FROM THE ACADEMIC SESSION (2015- 16)

M.A. Examination in Sociology shall be conducted in four semesters, each having 500 hundred marks, totaling to 2000 marks.

The detailed Course Structure Semester wise is mentioned below.

Sl. No.	Paper No.	Title	Marks		
A. FIRST SEMESTER:					
Sr. No.	Paper	Subject	I	T	Total
1	Paper-I/CC1	Classical Sociological Tradition	20	80	100
2	Paper-II/CC2	Philosophical and Conceptual Foundation of Research Methodology	20	80	100
3	Paper-III/CC3	Social Change in India	20	80	100
4	Paper-IV/CC4	Rural Sociology	20	80	100
5	Paper-V/P 1	Practical-I			100
B. SECOND SEMESTER					
6.	Paper-VI/CC5	Classical Sociological Thinkers	20	80	100
7.	Paper-VII/CC6	Quantitative Research Techniques in Sociology	20	80	100
8.	Paper-VIII/CC7	Sociology of Development	20	80	100
9.	Paper-IX/CC8	Indian Rural Society	20	80	100
10.	Paper-X/P2	Practical-II			100
C. THIRD SEMESTER					
11.	Paper-XI/CC9	Classical Sociological Theories	20	80	100
12.	Paper-XII/CC10	Social Movements in India	20	80	100
13.	Paper-XIII/CC11	Perspectives of Study to Indian Society	20	80	100
14.	Paper-XIV/CC12	Industry and Society in India	20	80	100

15	Paper- XV/CC13	Criminology	20	80	100
D. FOURTH SEMESTER					
16	Paper- XVI/CC14	Modern Sociological Theories	20	80	100
17	Paper- XVII/CC15	Comparative Sociology	20	80	100
18	Paper- XVIII/CC16	Contemporary Issues in Industry	20	80	100
19	Paper- XIX/CC17	Criminology: Correctional administration	20	80	100
20	Paper- XX/P3	Project Report	-	-	100

FIRST SEMESTER

Paper No. I/CC1

Marks-80

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

Unit-I: Historical Background of The Emergence of Sociology

- a. Traditional Feudal Economy and Social Structure
- b. Impact of Industrial Revolution and New Mode of Production on Society and Economy.
- c. Emergence of Capitalist Mode of Production- Nature and Feature of Capitalism
- d. Enlightenment and It's Impact on Thinking and Reasoning

Unit-II: Auguste Comte

- a. Social Statics and Dynamics
- b. Law of Three Stages
- c. Hierarchy of Sciences
- d. Positivism

Unit-III: Emile Durkheim

- a. Social Facts
- b. Mechanical and Organic Solidarity
- c. Division of Labour
- d. Theory of Suicide

Unit-IV: Vilfredo Pareto

- a. Logical and Non- Logical Action
- b. Residues and Derivations
- c. Theory of Social Change
- d. Contributions to Methodology

Unit-V: Herbert Spencer

- a. Social Darwinism
- b. Evolution
- c. Synthetic Philosophy

References:

1. Abraham, F and Morgan, Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin
J.H. 1985 Macmillan, New Delhi.

2. Adams, B.N. and Sydie, R.A. 2002 Sociological Theory
Vistaar Publications, New Delhi
3. Aron, R. 1965 Main Currents in Sociological Thought
Vol. I and Vol.II Penguin, New Delhi.
4. Coser, L.A. 2001 Masters of Sociological Thought
Rawat Publishers, Jaipur
5. Rex, John 1973 Discovering Sociology Routledge and Kegan
Paul, London
6. Turner, J.H. 2001 The Structure of Sociological Theory
Rawat Publishers, Jaipur.
7. Zeitlin, I.M. 1981 Ideology and the Development of Sociological
Theory, Prentice Hall, London.
8. _____ 1998 Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of
Contemporary Theory. Rawat Publishers,
Jaipur.

Paper-II/CC2

Marks-80

PHILOSOPHICAL AND CONCEPTUAL FOUNDATION OF
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Unit-I: Philosophical Roots of Social Research

- a. Issues in the Theory of Epistemology: Forms and Types of knowledge,
Validation of knowledge
- b. Positivism and It's Critique: Contributions of Comte, Durkheim and
Popper.
- c. Methodological perspectives in Sociology.

Unit-II: Values and Theories in Sociology

- a. Debates on values: Value Neutrality V/S Value Loadedness.
- b. Theories in Sociology Classical V/S Modern
- c. Problems of concept and theory- Transfer to developing countries.

Unit-III: Nature of Social Reality and Approaches to It

- a. Research Design: Steps and Processes of It's Formulation
- b. Type of Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Explanatory,
Diagnostic and Experimental
- c. Role of concepts and Hypotheses
- d. Problems of Objectivity

Unit-IV: Qualitative Methods in Social Research

- a. Techniques and methods of Qualitative Research: Observation and
Interview Guide
- b. Case study, Content Analysis
- c. Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)
- d. Encounters and Experiences in Field work

Unit-V: Issues in Social Research

- a. Inter disciplinary Research
- b. Issues in Qualitative Research

- c. Theoretical Vs. Applied Research
- d. Processing of Data: Classification, Tabulation and Interpretation.

References:

1. Bailey, K.D. Methodology of Social Research
1979 Macmillan, Free Press- London
2. Barnes, J.A. Who should know what? Social Science, Privacy
1979 and Ethics, Penguin, London.
3. Beteille, A Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of
Madan, T.N. field work, Vikas, new Delhi
1975
4. Bose, P.K. Research methodology,
1995 ICSSR, New Delhi.
5. Bryman, A Quality and Quantity in Social Research Unwin
1988 Hyman, London.
6. Madge, J The Origins of Scientific sociology
1970 Tavistock, London
7. Mukherjee, P.N. Methodology in Social Research: Dilemmas and
2000 perspectives Essays in Honour of Ramakrishna
Mukherjee Sage, New Delhi.
8. Mukherjee, R.K. What will it be?
1979 Explorations in Inductive Sociology
Allied, Bombay.
9. _____ Systemic Sociology
1993 Sage, New Delhi.
10. Popper, K The Logic of Scientific Discovery
1999 Routledge and Kegan Paul London
11. Punch, K Introduction to Social Research
1986 Sage, New Delhi
12. Sjoberg, G and Methodology of Social research
Roger, N., 1997 Rawat, Jaipur
13. Srinivas, M.N. and Field worker and the Field
Shah, A.M., 1979 Oxford, New Delhi.
14. Weber, M The Methodology of Social Sciences
1974 Free Press, Chicago
15. Young, P.V. Scientific Social Surveys and Research
1977 Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

16.

Paper No. III/CC3

Marks-80

SOCIAL CHANGE IN INDIA

Unit-I: Conceptual and Theoretical Frame work

- a. Concept
- b. Forms
- c. Linear Theory
- d. Cyclic Theory

Unit-II: Factors of Social change

- a. Techno- Economic
- b. Socio- Psychological
- c. Cultural and Religious
- d. Media

Unit-III: Trends and Processes of Change in Modern India

- a. Sanskritization
- b. Secularization
- c. Gandhian
- d. Globalization

Unit- IV: Changes in Tribal and Rural India

- a. Changes in Tribal and Rural Economy
- b. Changes in Socio-cultural spheres
- c. Land Alienation
- d. Welfare Measures and Consequent Changes

Unit-V:-Changes in Urban and Industrial India

- a. In Migration and Growth of informal sector.
- b. development of Slums.
- c. Development of Criminal Activities.
- d. Welfare measures and Consequent Changes.

References:

1. Beteille, A. 2003 The Idea of natural inequality and other essays. Oxford, New Delhi.
2. Desai, AR 2001 Rural Sociology in India. Popular, Bombay
3. Jhingan, M.L. 2003 The economics of Development and Planning. Vrinda Publications, New Delhi
4. Kanungo, S. 2002 Making Information Technology Work, Sage, new Delhi
5. Mathur, H.M. (ed) 1994 Development, Displacement and Resettlement: focus on Asian experiences Vikas, New Delhi.
6. Preston, P. 2001 Reshaping communications, Technology Information and Social Change. Sage, New Delhi.
7. Ramachandran, P.S. et al (ed) 2002 Traditional Ecological Knowledge for managing Bio-sphere reserves in south and central Asia. Oxford, New Delhi.
- 8 Reid, Suctitus 1976 Crime and Criminology, Illiois: Deyen Press
9. Schuurman, F.J. 1999 Globalization and Development, Vistaar, new Delhi.
10. Parekh, B 1999 Colonialism, Tradition and Reform: An analysis of Gandhi's Political Discourse Sage, New Delhi.
11. Sharma, K.L. 1997 Social Stratification in India: Issues and Themes. Sage, New Delhi.

12. Shiva, V. and Bedi, G. 2002 Sustainable Agriculture and food scarcity Sage, New Delhi.
13. Singh, Y. 1999 Modernization of Indian tradition Rawat, Jaipur.
14. _____ 2003 Culture Change in India Rawat, Jaipur
15. Singharoy, D.K. et al (ed) 2000 Social Development and Empowerment of Marginalised groups, Sage, New Delhi.
16. Srinivas, M.N. 1998 Social Change in Modern India. Orient and Longman, New Delhi.
17. Vidyarthi, L.P. and Rai, B.K., 1977 Tribal culture in India Concept Publication Company New Delhi.

Paper No. IV/CC 4

Marks-80

RURAL SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Characteristics and Approaches

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Peasant Society
- b. Concept and Characteristics of Agrarian Society
- c. Caste and Jhamani Approach
- d. Sub- Altern Approach

Unit-II: Agrarian Institutions

- a. Land Ownership and Its Types: After Independence
- b. Agrarian Relations and Modes of Production
- c. Agrarian Social Structure

Unit- III: Planned Change

- a. Rural leadership
- b. Factionalism
- c. Panchayati Raj before and after 73rd Amendment
- d. Five Year's Plans in India

Unit-IV: Rural Development and Change

- a. Green Revolution
- b. Land Reform
- c. Globalization and its Impact on Agriculture

Unit-V: Welfare measures and consequent Changes

- a. Self-help Group (SHG)
- b. MNREGA
- c. SSA

References:

1. Basu, K. (ed) 2000 Agrarian Questions Oxford, New Delhi.
2. Berberglu, B. (ed) 1992 Class, State and Development in India sage, New Delhi.

3. Beteille, A. 1974 Six essays in comparative sociology oxford, New Delhi.
4. _____ 1974 Studies in Agrarian social structure oxford, New Delhi.
5. Breman, J. 1974 Patronage and Exploitation oxford, New Delhi.
6. Desai, A.R. (ed) 1977 Rural sociology in India popular, Mumbai.
7. _____, (ed) 1977 Rural society in transition Popular, Mumbai.
8. Gough, K and Sharma, H.P.(Ed) 1973 Imperialism and Revolution in South Asia, Monthly Reviewed Press, New York.
9. Guha, r (ed) 1999 Subaltern Studies Oxford, New Delhi.
10. Joshi, P.C. (ed) 1976 Land Reforms in India Allied, New Delhi.
11. Long, N. 1982 An Introduction to the sociology of Rural development, Tavistock, London.
12. Mencher, J.P. (ed) 1983 Social Anthropology of peasantry Somaiya Publications New Delhi
13. Patnaik, U. 1990 Agrarian Relations and Accumulation: the Mode of production debate in India.
14. Shanin, T. (ed) 1971 Peasants and Peasant Societies, Penguin, London.
15. Thorner, D. 1956 The Agrarian prospects in India University press, New Delhi.
16. _____ 1962 Land and labour in India, Asia publications, Mumbai.

Paper No. V/P1

Marks-100

PRACTICAL-I

Practical based on Field Work & Preparation of tools
Interview Guide and case study

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest 50%
by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and
External Examiner.

SECOND SEMESTER

Paper No. -VI/CC 5

Marks-80

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THINKERS

Unit-I: Karl Marx

- a. Materialistic Interpretation of History
- b. Class and Class Struggle
- c. Alienation

Unit-II:Thurstein Veblen

- a. Theory of Leisure class
- b. Concepts of Social Change
- c. Comparison of Marx and Veblen's theories

Unit-III: Max Weber

- a. Theory of Social Action
- b. Concepts of Status, Class and power
- c. Sociology of Religion and Economic Development

Unit-IV Talcott Parsons

- a. Social Action
- b. Pattern variables
- c. Social System

Unit-V: Robert K. Merton

- a. Reference Group
- b. Social Conformity and Anomie
- c. Functional Paradigm

References:

1. Abraham, F and Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin
Morgan, J.H. Macmillan, New Delhi.
1985
2. Aron, R. Main Currents in Sociological Thought Vol. I
1965 and II
Penguin, London.
3. Adams, B.N. and Sociological theory Vistaar, New Delhi.
Sydie, R.A. 2001
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1997 Rawat, Jaipur
5. Coser, L.A. Masters of Sociological Thought
2001 Rawat, Jaipur
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1977 Analysis of Writings of Marx., Durkeheim and
Weber Cambridge University press. London.
7. Rex, J. Discovering Sociology
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Kurt H.Wdff,1950 IIFree Press
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| 10 | Kurt H. Wdfff, 1922
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| 12. | Zeitlin, I.M.
1981 | Ideology and the Development of Sociology
Prentice Hall, London. |
| 13. | _____
1996 | Rethinking Sociology
Rawat, Jaipur. |

Paper No.-VII/CC6

Marks-80

QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH TECHNIQUES IN SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Sampling

- a. Rational
- b. Types
- c. Sampling error
- d. Survey Vs. Sampling based study in sociology

Unit-II: Quantitative method and survey Research

- a. Techniques of Survey Research: Interview
- b. Tools of Research; Preparation of Questionnaire and Interview Schedule
- c. Processing of Data: Classification, Tabulation and Interpretation
- d. Use of Computer in Data Processing

Unit-III: Measurement and Scaling Techniques

- a. Levels of Measurements: Types of Scales- Nominal and Ordinal
- b. Reliability and Validity of Scaling
- c. Measures of Social Distance: Thurston, Lickert and Bogardus Scale
- d. Sociometry

Unit-IV: Statistics in Social Research

- a. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode
- b. Measures of Dispersion- Standard Deviation
- c. Correlation Analysis- Chi Square
- d. Quantitative Vs. Qualitative research in sociology

Unit-V: Qualitative and Quantitative research method

- a. Triangulation; mixing Qualitative and Quantitative methodologies
- b. Social Research, Action research and Participatory research
- c. Application of computers in Social research; MS office.
- d. Ethical issues in social research.

References:

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| 1. | Bailey, K.D.
1979 | Methodology of social Research
Macmillan, Free Press. |
| 2. | Bryman, Allan
1988 | Quality and Quantity in Social Research
Unwin, Hyman, London. |
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6. Mukharjee, R, What will it be? Explorations in inductive sociology, Allied Publishers, Bombay. 1979
7. Mukherjee, P.N, Methodology in Social Research Dilemmas and Perspectives, Essays in honour of Ramakrishna Mukharjee, Sage Publication, New Delhi. 2000
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9. Young, P.V. Scientific Social Surveys and Research. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

Paper No. -VIII/CC7

Marks-80

SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

Unit-I: Perspectives on Development

- a. Modernization
- b. Marxist
- c. Dependency
- d. Alternative

Unit-II: Changing Conception of Human Development

- a. Mainstream vs. Indigenous Model of Development
- b. Human Indicator Index
- c. Sustainable Development: Socio- Cultural
- d. Impact of Bio-Technology and Information Technology on Development.

Unit-III: Indian Experience on Development

- a. Sociological Appraisal of Five Year Plans
- b. Social Consequences of Economic Reforms
- c. Socio Cultural Impact of Globalization
- d. Social Implication of InfoTech and Bio-Tech Revolution

Unit-IV: Consequences of Development

- a. Development and Displacement
- b. Development and Socio- Economic Disparities
- c. Ecological Degradation
- d. Development and Migration.

Unit-V: Issues and development in Contemporary India.

- a. Social Exclusion
- b. Gender Discrimination
- c. Privatization and unfavorable Service condition.
- d. Sustainability.

References:

1. Alavi, H. and Shanin, T., 1982 Introduction to the study of Developing societies
Macmillan, London
2. Amin, Samir-1979 Unequal Development, New Delhi
3. Apter, D.C. Rethinking development
1987 Sage, New Delhi
4. Appadurai, A. Modernity at Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalisation, Oxford, New Delhi
1997
5. Berberglu, B. (ed) Class, State and Development in India, Sage,
1992 New Delhi
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in Development, Sage, New Delhi.
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Approach, Bombay, popular Prakashan.
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1996 Opportunity Oxford, New Delhi
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12. Haq, M.V. Reflections on Human Development
1991 Oxford, New Delhi
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18. Rege, S. (ed) Sociology of Gender
2003 Sage, New Delhi
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2002 Sage, New Delhi
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South Asia, KualaLumpur, ADIPA

Paper No. IX/CC8

Marks-80

INDIAN RURAL SOCIETY

Unit-I: Tribal Society as Agrarian Society

- a. Tribe Concept and Characteristic
- b. Tribe class
- c. Changing problems of Tribal Land

Unit-II: Social Issues

- a. Migration
- b. Land Alienation
- c. Loss of Livelihood

Unit-III: Contemporary Issues

- a. Health
- b. Education
- c. Changing status of Rural Women
- d. Inequality

Unit-IV: Peasant Movement

- a. Causes
- b. Types
- c. Tebhaga
- d. Telengana

Unit-V: Naxlite movement in Contemporary India.

- a. Origin and affected area
- b. Causes
- c. Present status; Governments measures and peoples response.

References:

1. Beteille, A. Inequality and Social Change
1986 Oxford, New Delhi.
2. Bardhan, p. Poverty, Agrarian Structure and Political
 Economy in India.
3. Desai, A.R. Rural Society in Transition
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1979 Oxford, New Delhi
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2002 Manohar, New Delhi.
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Rai, B.K. Company, New Delhi.
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Paper No. X/P2
PRACTICAL-II

Marks-100

Practical based on Field Work & Preparation of tools

Questionnaire, Interview Schedule Preparation and Tabulation.

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest
50% by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and
External Examiner.

THIRD SEMESTER

Paper No. XI/CC9

Marks-100

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Unit-I: Positivism

- a. Origin and Basic Postulates
- b. Contributions of Comte

- c. Contributions of Durkheim
- d. Criticism

Unit-II: Functionalism

- a. Origin and Basic Postulates
- b. Contributions of Parsons
- c. Contribution of Merton
- d. Criticism

Unit-III: Conflict theory

- a. Contribution of L.A Coser
- B Contributions of Karl Marx
- c Contribution of Dahrendorf
- d Criticism

Unit-IV: Structuralism

- a. Origin and Basic Postulates
- b Contribution of Red Cliff Brown
- c Contribution of Levistrauss
- d Criticism

Unit-V:Exchange Theory

- a. Origin and Basic postulates
- b. Contribution of peter Blau
- c. Contribution of George Homans.
- d. Criticism

References:

1. Abraham, M.F. 2001 Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction Oxford, New Delhi.
2. Alexander, J.C. 1987 Twenty Lectures; Sociological theories since World War- II Columbia University press- New York.
3. Coser, L.A. 2001 Masters of Sociological thoughts Rawat, Jaipur
4. Collins, R. 1997 Sociological theory Rawat, jaipur
5. Craib, I 1992 Modern Social Theory: From parsons to Habermas, Harvester, London.
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 12. Zeitlin, I.M. Rethinking sociology: A critique of contemporary
1998 Theory Rawat, Jaipur.

Paper No.XII/CC10

Marks-100

SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Unit-I: Nature and Types

- a. Characteristics
- b. Types
- c. Reasons
- d. Power Structure and Social Movements

Unit -II:Basis of Social Movement

- a.Class, Caste, Ethnicity and Gender
- b.Types of leadership and relationship between leaders and masses
- c. Political institution and social movement.
- d. Role of media in social movement.

Unit-III: Theoretical Perspectives

- a. Marxian and Post-Marxian
- b. Weberian Perspectives
- c. Structural-Functional
- d. Postmodernist

Unit-IV: Traditional Social Movements

- a. Labour and Trade Union
- b. Tribal
- c. Peasant
- d. Nationalist

Unit-V: New Social Movements

- a. Dalit
- b. Women
- c. Ethnic
- d. Environmental

References:

1. Banks, J.A., 1972; The Sociology of Social Movements (London : Macmillan)
2. Desai, A.R., Ed., 1979; Peasant Struggles in India (Bombay : Oxford University Press)
3. Danagare, D.N., 1983; Peasant Movements in Indian 1920-1950 (Delhi : Oxford University Press.

4. Gore, M.S., 1993; The Social Context of an Ideology : Ambedkar's Political and Social Thoughts (New Delhi : Sage)
5. Oomen, T.K., 1990 : Protest and Change : Studies in Social Movements (Delhi : Sage).

Paper No.XIII/CC11

Marks-100

PERSPECTIVES OF STUDY TO INDIAN SOCIETY

Unit-I: Indological/ Textual

- a. Approach of Study
- b. G.S. Ghurye
- c. Louis Dumont
- d. Criticism

Unit-II: Structural Functionlism

- a. Approach of Study
- b. M.N.Srinivas
- c. S.C.Dube
- d. Criticism

Unit-III: Marxism

- a. Approach of Study
- b. D.P.Mukharjee
- c. A.R. Desai
- d. Criticism

Unit-IV: Subaltern Perspective

- a. Approach of Study
- b. B.R. Ambedkar
- c. David Hardiman
- d. Criticism

Unit-V: Civilization

- a. Approach of study
- b. N.K.Bose
- c. Surjeet Sinha
- d. Criticism

References:

1. Das, V. 1982 Structure and Cognition aspects of Hindu caste and rituals Oxford, New Delhi.
2. Desouza, P.R. (ed) 2000 Contemporary India Transitions. Sage, New Delhi.
3. Dhanagare, D.N. 1993 Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology Rawat, Jaipur
4. Dube, S.C. 1967 The Indian village Routledge, London
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| 8. | _____ | Feeding the Bania: Peasants and usurers in western India. Oxford, New Delhi. |
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196 | The legacy of G.S. Ghurye Popular, Mumbai |
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1958 | Diversities PPH, New Delhi |
| 11. | Oommen, T.K. and
Mukharjee, P.N.
1986 | Indian Sociology: Reflection and Introspection popular, Mumbai. |
| 12. | Singh, y.
1986 | Indian Sociology: Social conditioning and Emerging concerns, Vistaar, New Delhi. |
| 13. | Srinivas, M.N.
1960 | India's Villages Asia publishing House, Bombay. |

Paper No.XIV/CC12

Marks-100

INDUSTRY AND SOCIETY IN INDIA

Unit-I: Industrial Sociology and Classical Sociological Tradition

- a. Classical Scientific Management
- b. Division of Labour
- c. Bureaucracy and Rationality
- d. Production Relations and Alienation

Unit-II: Industrial Organizations

- a. Formal and Informal Organizations, Structure and Function
- b. Line and Staff Organization
- c. Contemporary Organization Realities

Unit-III: Problems through Industrialization process

- a. Family
- b. Stratification
- c. Habitat and Settlement
- d. Environmental

Unit-IV: Subjective Experience of Work

- a. Work Ethics, Work Value, Work Attitude and Work Process
- b. Motivation to Work,
- c. Work Satisfaction, Incentives and Its Effects

Unit-V: Technological Change and Automation

- a. Technology and Social Structure in Industry
- b. Organizational Choice and Technological Change
- c. Resistance to Automation and Change

References:

1. Agrawal R.D. 1972 Dynamics of Indian labour relations in India (A Book regarding Mc-Graw Hill, Bombay)
2. Aziz Abdul 1984 Labour problems of developing economy Ashis Publishing house, New Delhi
3. Gilbert S.J. 1985 Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology Tata Mc-Graw hill Bombay
4. Karnik V.B. 1990 Indian trade Union A survey, Popular Prakashan-Bombay
5. Laxmana, C et al 1990 Workers Participation and industrial democracy: Global perspectives: Ajanta publication, New Delhi.
6. Memoria, C.B. and Memoria 1992 Dynamics of Indian Relations in India Himalaya publishing house: Mumbai
7. Miller, D.c. and Farm W.M. 1964 The Sociology of Industry George Allen and Onwin, London
8. Philip H and Mellissa T 2001 Work Post Modernism and organization Sage, New Delhi
9. Ramaswamy E.A. 1977 The worker and His union, Allied New Delhi
10. _____, 1978 Industrial Relations in India OUP, new Delhi
11. Thiwait, P.K. 1987 Social Structure of a Planned Town, Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.
12. Watson K. Tony 1995 Sociology, work and industry Routledge and Kagan Paul, London.

Paper No.XV/CC13

Marks-100

CRIMINOLOGY

Unit-I: Conceptual and Theoretical Approaches

- a. Legal, and Sociological;
- b. Concept of Crime , Crime Causes prevention and Control
- c. Theories on Crime Causation; Sociological and Geographical

Unit-II:Type of Criminals and Crime

- a. Juvenile delinquency
- b. Women and Crime
- c. White collar crime

Unit-III: Changing Profile of Crime and Criminals;

- a. Corruption: Types, Causes, and Consequences.
- b. Cyber Crime: Causes, Prevention and Control
- c. Crime Against Women: Causes, Prevention and Control

Unit-IV: Theories of Punishment

- a. Retributive, Deterrent: Theories and Criticism

- b. Reformative Theory: Probation and Parole
- c. Open Prison- Its Success and Failure

Unit-V: Terrorism

- a. Concept of Terrorism and Its Characteristics
- b. Terrorism in India
- c. Social and Legal Measures for Its Prevention and Control

References:

1. Ahuja, R. Female offenders in India Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut 1969
2. Madan, G.R. Indian social problems-I Allied Publishers, New Delhi 1985
3. Mahapatra, S. Rays of Hope: Forum for fact finding documentation and Advocacy Raipur. 2002
4. Mishra, R and Mohanty, S. Police and Social change in India Ashish publishing House, New Delhi. 1992
5. National Crime records Bureau Crime in India, New Delhi. 2000
6. National human rights commission Annual Report Sardar Patel Bhawan. New Delhi. 2000-2001
7. Reid, Suctitus 1976 Crime and Criminology, Illiois: Deyen Press
8. Singh, S. and Srivastava, S.P. (ed) Gender equity through women's empowerment. Bharat book center, Lucknow. 2001
9. Sirohi, J.P.S. Criminology and Criminal Administration Allahabad Law agency. Allahabad. 1992
10. Vadackumchery, J. The police and Delinquency in India. APH Publishing corporation, New Delhi. 1996

FOURTH SEMESTER

Paper No. XVI/CC14

Marks-100

MODERN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Unit-I: Symbolic Interrectionism

- a. Origin and Basic Postulates
- b. Contributions of G.H. Mead
- c. Contribution of H.Blumer
- d. Criticism

Unit-II: Phenomenology

- aOrigin, Basic Postulates of Phenomenology

bContributions of Schutz

cContributions of Berger

dCriticism

Unit- III:Ethnomethodology

aOrigin Basic postulates of Ethnomethodology

b.Contribution of Garfinkel

c Contribution of Goffman

dCriticism

Unit-IV: Critical Theory

a. Origin and Development

b. Contributions of Adorno

c. Contributions of Habermas

d. Criticism

Unit-V: Post Modernism

a. Origin and Development

b. Contributions of Foucault

c. Contributions of Derrida

d. Criticism

References:

1. Abraham, M.F. 2001 Modern Sociological Theory: An introduction Oxford, New Delhi
2. Adams, B.N. and Sydie, R.A. 2001 Sociological Theory, Vistaar, New Delhi
3. Alexander, J.C. 1987 Twenty lecturers: Sociological theories since world war-II Columbia Univ. Press New York
4. Apadurai, A. 1996 Modernity at large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalisation University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis
5. Bottomore, T. 1984 The Frankfurt School, Tavistock, London
6. Bourdieu, P. 1995 Sociology in Question, Sage, London.
7. Coser, L.A. 2001 Masters of Sociological thought Rawat, Jaipur.
8. Collins, R. 1997 Sociological Theory Rawat, Jaipur
9. Craib, I 1992 Modern Social Theory; From parsons to habermas Harvester, London.
10. Giddens, A. 1983 Central Problems in social theory, action, structure and contradictions in social analysis Macmillan, London.
11. _____ 1996 Capitalism and Modern Social Theory, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

12. Kumar, K. 1997 From Post-Industrial to post- modern Society, Black Well Publishers, Oxford, UK.
13. Lash, S. 1996 Sociology of Post Modernism Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
14. Podogorecki, A and Los, M. 1979 Multi Dimensional Sociology Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
15. Sturrock, J (ed) 1984 Structuralism and since from Levistrauss to Derrida Oxford, New York
16. Turner, B.S. 1999 Classical Sociology Sage, New Delhi.
17. Turner, J.H. 2001 The structure of sociological theory Rawat, Jaipur
18. Zeitlin, I.M. 1998 Rethinking Sociology, A critique of contemporary Theory. Rawat, Jaipur.

Paper No. XVII/CC15

Marks-100

COMPARATIVE SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Historical and Social Context of Emergence of Sociology in the West

- a. Emergence of growth of Sociology in West
- b. Eurocentric Moorings western Sociological Tradition
- c. Americanization of Sociology

Unit-II: Central Themes in Comparative sociology

- a. Modernity and Development
- b. Diversity and multy Culturalism
- c. Enviornment
- d. Globalization

Unit-III: Theoretical Concern,s in Comparative sociology

- a. Problems of theoring in sociology
- b. Theoretical and Methodological approaches in sociology
- c. Policy issues: Formulation and Evaluation

Unit IV: Current Debates

- a. Contextituzalization
- b. Indianization
- c. Use of Native Categories
- d. Criticism.

Unit-V: Debate on “For Sociology of India”

- a. Sociology of India
- b. Sociology in India
- c. Sociology For India
- d. Criticism

References:

- 1 Anderski, S 1961: Elements of Comparative Sociology(London ,

- Widenfeld and Nicolson)
- 2 Beteille, Andre 1987: Essays in Comparative Sociology(New Delhi: Oxford University Press)
 - 3 Beteille, Andre 1992: Society and Policies in India: Essays in Comparative Sociology(New Delhi: Oxford University Press)
 - 4 Berremen, G.D 1981: The Politocs of Truth : essays in Critical Anthropology, New Delhi: South Asian Publishers)
 - 5 Dube, S. C. 1973: Modernization and Development: The search for alternative paradigm (New Delhi: Vistar)
 - 6 -----1973: Social Sciences in a chanign society. Lucknow university press, Lucknow
 - 7 Ferreira, J.V. and Nemesis–CulturalPerspectives on modernization (Bombay, Ramkrishna Publication)
 8. Genov, Nikolai, 1989: National Traditions in Sociology (Delhi: Sage)
 - 9 Kiely R and Phil Globalization and the third world (London: Marfleet, eds. 1998: Routledge)
 - 10 Kothari,Rajan1988 : Rethinking Development: In search of Human Alternatives Delhi: Ajanta.
 - 11 Kuper A 1996 : Social Science Encyclopaedia, (London: Routledge)
 - 12 MohanR.P and International Hand book of Contemporary A.S.Wilke, eds.1994: Developments of Sociology (London : Mansell)
 - 13 Oommen,T.K.& P.N. Indian Sociology: Reflection and Introspection Mukherjee eds. 1986: popular, Mumbai.
 - 14 Parekh, Bhikhu 2000 Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political Theory(London: Macmillian)
 - 15 Saraswati B.N.1994: Interface of Cultural Identity and Development (New Delhi: Indira Gandhi National Centre of the Arts)
 - 16 World Commission on environment and (New Delhi: Oxford University Press) Development, 1987:
 - 17 Wallerstein, Immanuel 1974: Modern World System (New York: Oxford University Press)

Paper No.XVIII/CC16

Marks-100

CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INDUSTRY

Unit-I: Industrial Relation

- a. Importance of Human Relations at work
- b. Conflict: Causes and Types, Resolution of Conflict

- c. Conciliation and Collective Bargaining
- d. Workers Participation in Management

Unit-II: Trade Union and Industrialization

- a. History of Trade Unionism in India
- b. Objectives and Functions
- c. ILO and Trade Unions in India
- d. Trade Unionism in Globalization

Unit-III: Industry and Society

- a. Impact of Industry on Family
- b. Impact of Industry on Stratification
- c. Industrialization and Migration
- d. Industrialization and Religion

Unit-IV: Industrilization in Third world Countries in the Era of Globlization

- a. FDI and Third World
- b. International Agencies: World Bank and Third world countries
- c. Status of Industries in Third World Countries

Unit-V: Contemporary Issues

- a. Industrialization and Women Labour
- b. Industrialization and Child Labour
- c. Industrialization and Environment
- d. Problem of Industrialization in Developing Countries

References:

1. Agrawal R.D. 1972 Dynamics of Indian labour relations in India (A Book regarding Mc-Graw Hill, Bombay)
2. Aziz Abdul 1984 Labour problems of developing economy Ashis Publishing house, Hew Delhi
3. Gilbert S.J. 1985 Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology Tata Mc-Graw hill Bombay
4. Karnik V.B. 1990 Indian trade Union A survey, Popular Prakashan-Bombay
5. Laxmana, C et al 1990 Workers Participation and industrial democracy: Global perspectives: Ajanta publication, New Delhi.
6. Memoria, C.B. and Memoria 1992 Dynamics of Indian Relations in India Himalaya publishing house: Mumbai
7. Miller, D.c. and Farm W.M. 1964 The Sociology of Industry George Allen and Onwin, London
8. Philip H and Mellissa T 2001 Work Post Modernism and organization Sage, New Delhi
9. Ramaswamy E.A. The worker and His union, Allied New Delhi

- 1977
10. _____, Industrial Relations in India OUP, new Delhi
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11. Thiwait, P.K. Social Structure of a Planned Town, Institute of
1987 Social Research and Applied Anthropology,
Calcutta.
12. Watson K. Tony Sociology, work and industry Routledge and
1995 Kagan Paul, London.

Paper No.-XIX/CC17

Marks-100

CRIMINOLOGY: CORRECTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATION

Unit-I: Roots of Correction to prevent Crime

- a. Socialization
- b. Family values
- c. Role of education

Unit-II: Correction and It's Forms

- a. Meaning and Significance of Correction; Prison Based and Community Based
- b. Correctional Programmes in Prison; History of Prison Reforms in India
- c. After Care and Rehabilitation Programme.

Unit-III: Problem of Correctional Administration

- a. Overcrowding; Lack of Inter Agency Co-Ordination among Police Prosecution, Judiciary and Prison
- b. Prison Offences
- c. Problem of Criminal Justice Administration

Unit-IV: Victimological Perspective

- a. Victim's Responsibility in Crime
- b. Violation of Prisoner's Human Rights
- c. Problems of Women Offenders.

Unit-V: Community Policing

- a. Concept and Objectives
- b. Types
- c. Significance

References:

1. Ahuja, R. The Prison System Sahitya Bhawan, Agra
1981
2. _____, Contemporary Social problems in India Rawat,
1997 Jaipur.
3. Advani, NH, Perspectives on Adult Crime and correction.
1978 Abhinav Publication, New Delhi.
4. Bedi, K. It is always possible sterling, New Delhi.
1998
5. Devasia, L and Female criminals and Female Victims: An Indian
Devasia, V.V. (ed) Perspective Dattsons, Nagpur.
1989

6. Gosmami, B.K. Criminology and Penology Allahabad
1983
7. Mohanty, S Crime and Criminals in India Ashish Pub. House
1990 New Delhi.
8. Reid, S. Crime and Criminology Deydan press, Illinayse
1976
9. Shankardas, R.D. Punishment and the Prison: India and
2000 International perspective, Sage, New Delhi.
10. Sutherland, E.H. and Principles of Criminology The Times of India
Donald, R.C., 1968 Press, Bombay.
11. William, H.E. The correction Profession Sage, New Delhi.
1990

Paper No.-XX/P3

Marks-100

PROJECT REPORT

On Rural and Urban Problems

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest 50%
by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and
External Examiner.

SYLLABUS OF ANNUAL EXAM

ORDINANCE NO. 13

Master of Arts Examination

1. The Examination for the degree of master of Arts shall consists of two parts
 - (a) The Previous Examination, and
 - (b) The Final Examination.
2. A candidate who after taking his Bachelor's degree of the University or an examination of any statutory University in India which has been recognised by the University and has completed a regular course of study in the teaching department of the University or in a College in the subject in which he offers himself for examination for one academic year shall be admitted to the Previous Examination for the degree of Master of Arts.

A candidate after passing a graduate examination under 11 +3 scheme or any other examination recognised by the University as equivalent there to shall be eligible for admission to a post-graduate course of studies where graduation is minimum qualification only after passing. one year Bridge Course prescribed for the purpose. This shall apply to students graduation in 1991 main examination.
3. A candidate who after passing the M. A. Previous Examination of the University,has Completed a regular course of study for one academic year in a teaching department of the University or in a collegies shall be admitted to the Final Examination for the degree of master of Arts in the subject in which he/she passed the Previous Examination.

A candidate who has passed the Previous. Examination for the degree of Master of Arts of another University may also be admitted to the Final Examination for the degree of Master of Arts after obtaining necessary permission from the Kulpati, provided that he offered for his Previous Examination a course of study of an equivalent standard with almost identical syllabus as required for one Previous Examination of the University and has attended a regular course of study for one academic year in a College affiliated to the Unitersty or a teaching department of the. University.
4. Besides regular students and subject to other compliance with this Ordinance,

exe=students and non-collegiate candidates shall be eligible for admission to the Examination as per provisions of Ordinance No.6 relating to Examination (General).Provided that in the subject where field work or practical work is prescribed only such candidates will be permitted to appear as non-collegiate candidates as have obtained permission of the Head of the University Teaching Department or Principal of the College teaching such subject.

Provided that non-collegiate candidates-shall be permitted to offer only such subjects/ papers as are thought to' the regular students at any of the University Teaching Department or College. .
5. The subject of the examination shall be one of the following:
 - (i) English
 - (ii) Hindi.
 - (iii) Economics
 - (iv) Political Science

- (v) History
 - (vi) Philosophy
 - (vii) Sanskrit
 - (viii) Mathematics
 - (ix) Linguistics
 - (x) Geography
 - (xi) Sociology
 - (xii) Anthropology
 - (xiii) Classics
 - (xiv) Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archeology
 - (xv) Public Administration
 - (xvi) Defence Studies
 - (xvii) Statistics

A candidate securing 60% or more marks in the M.A./M.Com. Previous Examination will be eligible to offer dissertation in lieu of one of the, optional papers for the Final. A regular candidate can offer dissertation with the permission of the Professor and the Head of Department of his Institution, while a private candidate will have to secure the prior permission in writing of anyone of the Professors of the subject working in an institution within the jurisdiction of the University and will work under supervision of that Professor after obtaining prior permission of the University to that effect.

6. A candidate who has passed the M. A. Examination of the University in any subject shall be allowed to present himself for the M.A. Examination in any one or more of the optional papers in that subject not taken by him at the said examination and is successful will be given a certificate to that effect.
No Candidate shall be allowed to offer more than two additional papers in any one year.
7. For both the Previous and Final Examination a candidate will be declared successful if he/she obtains at least 36% of the aggregate marks in the subject. In subject, in which both Theory and Practical Examinations are held the examinee must pass separately- in the Practical Examination obtaining not less than 36% marks.
8. No division will be assigned on the result of the Previous Examination, The division in which a candidate is placed shall be determined on the basis of aggregate of marks obtained in both the M. A. Previous and the M.A. Final Examination.
9. Successful candidate who obtain 60% or more of the aggregate marks shall be placed in the First Division, those obtaining less than 60% but not less than 48% in the Second. Division and all other successful candidates obtaining less than 48% in the Third Division.
10. Candidates who have passed the M.A. Examination of the University in any subject in Third or Second Division and desire to appear at the M.A. Examination in the same subject for improving division without attending a regular course of study in a college affiliated to the University or in a teaching Department of the University be allowed to appear at the aforesaid examination as non-collegiate student on the following Conditions:-
 - (i) There shall be only two Divisions for such candidates the First Division and Second Division. The marks required for obtaining these divisions shall be same as

- prescribed in the Ordinance i. e. examinees who are successful in Final of the Examination and have obtained 60% or more aggregate of the marks in Previous and Final Examination taken together shall be placed in the First Division and examinees who are successful in Final Examination and have obtained less than 60% but not less than 48% of aggregate marks Previous and Final Examinations taken together shall be placed in the Second Division.
- (ii) The result of the candidates obtaining less than 48% of the aggregate marks in Previous and Final of the examination taken together shall not be declared.
 - (iii) Candidates shall be option to appear at both the Previous and Final Examinations in one and the same year and for being successful at the examination, the candidates shall obtain 48% of the aggregate marks. Provided that such candidates who up to appear in Previous and Final Examinations separately shall have to obtain minimum aggregate required for the Previous Examination but he will have to obtain atleast 48% in the aggregate of Previous and Final Examinations taken together or else his result will be cancelled.
 - (iv) The syllabus for the examination shall be the same as prescribed for the year in which the examination is held.
 - (v) Not more than two attempts shall be allowed to such a candidate. Failure or non-appearance at the examination after permission has been accorded by the University, shall be counted as an attempt. Provided however such candidates who up to appear at the Previous and Final examination separately will be allowed only one attempt at the previous examination and two attempts at the Final Examination.
 - (vi) Candidates who wish to avail the opportunity given in foregoing paras will have to apply for permission as required in the Ordinance relating to admission of Non-collegiate students to the University examinations, alongwith requisite registration fee.
 - (vii) In case, a student improves his division under provision of this para, the fresh Degree will be issued after canceling his first Degree.
11. Transitory Provisioll; The reblaced Ordinance relating to Master of Arts Examination shall remain effecting till the examination of 1991, and this new Ordinance shall be Applicable from the examination 1992.

USE OF CALCULATORS

The students of Degree/P.G. classes will be permitted to use Calculator in the examination-hall on the. Following conditions as per decision of the standing Committee of the Academic Council at its meeting held on 31-1-1986.

1. Student will bring their own Calculators.
2. Calcultors will not be provided either by the University or examination centres.
3. Calculators with memory and following variables be permitted; +, sqare, reciprocal, expotential log, square root, trigonometric functions viz. sine, cosine tangent etc. factorial summation, xy, yx and in the light of objective approval of merits and demerits of the viva only Will be allowed.

**M.A. PREVIOUS (Code-021)
SOCIOLOGY**

एम.ए.पूर्व समाजशास्त्र में निम्नलिखित पांच प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे

क्रमां	प्रश्न-पत्र	प्रश्न-पत्र का नाम	कोड	पूर्णांक
1.	Paper - I	Classical Sociological Tradition	(0323)	100
2.	Paper - II	Methodology of Social Research	(0324)	100
3.	Paper - III	Sociology of Change and Development	(0325)	100
4.	Paper - IV	Rural Society in India	(0326)	100
5.	Paper - V	Urban Society in India	(0327)	100

PAPER - I

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

(Paper Code - 0323)

UNIT-1 Historical Socio- Economical background of the emergence of Sociology.
Traditional feudal economy and social structure.

Impact of Industrial revolution and of new mode of production on society and economy.

The emergence of capitalistic mode of production nature and features of capitalism.

August Comte positivism, Law of three stages, Hierarchy of Science.

UNIT-2 Karl Marx;

Marxian Dialectical materialism as a philosophical perspective of change and its laws Materialistic interpretation of history; As a perspective of explaining transformation of human society through different stages.

Mode of Production and social structure.

Basic structure and super structure.

Concept of surplus value and exploitation.

Emergence of classes and class conflict.

Proletariat revolution and future of capitalism classless society.

Alienation in the capitalist society- Factors responsible for alienation and its social implications.

Views on political power. The state in relation to social classes.

Future of the state after proletariat revolution.

Marx and sociology of Knowledge.

UNIT-3 Emile Durkheim ;

Intellectual background. His preoccupation with the order and disintegration of society. Social disintegration as a legacy of industrial revolution. Increasing division of labour in the capitalist.

Mechanical and organic solidarities. Explanantion of increasing division of labour. Pathological forms of division of labour.

Theory of suicide; Review of earlier theories of suicide, Suicide rate.

Types of suicide, Problem of integration of the individual with society.

Theory of religion; Earlier theories of the emergence and role of religion, structure of religion, sacred and profane, source of sacredness of the sacred things as symbols of ultimate values. Society as a supreme God.

Contribution to the methodology of sociology- Sociology as a science.

Concept of social facts.

UNIT-4 Max Weber;- Intellectual background. Theory of social action. Types of social action.

Views on the role of ideas and values in social change with reference to the relationship

between protestant ethic and emergence of capitalism.

Theory of Authority. Authority and power. Types of authority Theory of Bureaucracy. Capitalism and growing rationalism and emergence of modern bureaucracy.

Relationship between political leaders and bureaucracy.

Contribution to the methodology of social science. Concepts of Verstehen and ideal type.

UNIT-5 Vilfredo Pareto

Intellectual background

Contribution to the methodology - his logico-experimental method.

Classification of logical and non-logical actions.

Explanation of non-logical actions in terms of his theory of Residues and Derivatives. Classification of Residues and Derivations.

Theory of social change, Elites and masses. Types of elites, their classification, Circulation of Elites.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Parsons, Talcott : The structure of social action Vol. I & II, Mcgraw Hill, New York, 1937-1949.
2. Nisbet : The Sociological Tradition. Heinemann Educational Book Ltd. London, 1966.
3. Zeitlin, Irvin : Ideology and the Development Sociological theory, Prentice Hall, 1981.
4. Dahrendorf, Ralph : Class and class conflict in an Industrial Society, Stanford University Press 1959.
5. Bendix, Rinehard : Max Weber : An Intellectual portrait, Double Day, 1960.
6. Popper, Karl : Open Society and its Enemies, Routledge, London, 1945.
7. Aron, Raymond : Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I & II, Penguin, 1965-1967.
8. Coser, L.A. : Masters of Sociological thought, Harcourt Brace, New York 1977.
9. Giddens, Anthony : Capitalism and Modern Social theory - An Analysis of writings of marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press, 1997.
10. Hughes John A. : Martin Peter, J. and Sharrock, W.W. : Understanding Classical Sociology- Marx Weber and Durkheim, Sage Publication, London, 1995.

PAPER -II

METHODOLOGY OF SOCIAL RESEARCH

(Paper Code - 0324)

UNIT-1 Philosophy of social science; Enlightenment, reason and science, Cartesian philosophy, structure of scientific revolution (Kulin). Positivism and its critique; contribution of Comte, Durkheim and popper positivism, Critique of positivism;

Fayerband and Giddens

UNIT-2 Logic of Inquiry in social science research

Inductive and Deductive

Theory building Scientific method in social research

Objectivity/value neutrality. Hypothesis

UNIT-3 Quantitative methods and survey research;

Survey techniques. Limitations of survey. Operationalization and research design.

Sampling design. Questionnaire Construction, Interview schedule.

Measurement and scaling. Reliability and Validity.

UNIT-4 Qualitative Research Techniques.

Techniques and methods of qualitative research.

Participant observation ethnography, interview Guide.

Case study method. Content analysis. Oral history, narratives.

Life history, genealogy.

Encounters and experiences in field work.

Data processing.

Reliability and validity in qualitative research.

UNIT-5 Statistics in Social Research;

Measures of central tendency; Mean, Median, Mode.

Measures of Dispersion; Standard Deviation.

Correlational Analysis; Tests of Significance and covariance.

Social Research, Action Research, Participatory Research.

Ethical issues in Social Research.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Barnes, John A. ; Who Should know what ? Social Science, Privacy and Ethics, Harmondsworth : Penguin, 1979.
2. Bose, Pradip Kumar, ; Research Methodology. ICSSR, New Delhi, 1995.
3. Bryman, Alan ; Quality and Quantity in Social Research, Unwin Hyman, London, 1988.
4. D.A. De vaus : Surveys in Social Research, George Relen and Unwin, London, 1986.
5. Irvine, J., I. Miles and J. Erveans (Eds.); Demystifying Social Statistics, Pluto Press, London, 1979.
6. Madge, John ; The Origins of Scientific Sociology, Tavistock, London, 1970.
7. Marsh, Catherine ; Exploring Data, Polity Press, Cambridge, 1988.
8. Punch, Keith : Introduction to Sociol Research, Sage Publication, London, 1986.
9. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah : Field Worker and the Field, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1979.
10. Beteille A. and T.N. Madan : Encounter and Experience : Personal Accounts of Field work, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1975.
11. Kuhn, T.S., The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, The University of Chicago Press, London, 1970.
12. Mukherjee, P.N. (ed.) : Methodology in Social Research ; Dilemmas and Perspectives, Sage, New Delhi, 2000.
13. Popper, K. : The Logic of Scientific Discovery , Routledge, London, 1999.
14. Shipman, Martin : The Limitations of Social Research, Longman, London, 1988.
15. Sjoberg, Gideon and Roger Nett : Methodology for social research, Rawat, Jaipur, 1997.
16. Smelser, Neil J. : Comparative Methods in Social Science.

PAPER-III

SOCIOLOGY OF CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT

(Paper Code - 0325)

UNIT-1 Meaning and forms of social change; Evolution, Progress, transformations

Theories of social change; Linear, Cyclical

Factors of social change ; Demographic economic, religious, infotech and media.

UNIT-2 Social Change in contemporary India; Trends of change, processes of change Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization, Secularization. Changing Conceptions of Development; Economic growth, human development, social development; Sustainable development, the question of sustainability.

UNIT-3 Theories of Development and underdevelopment; modernization theories, centre-peripheri, world systems, unequal exchange. Paths and Agencies of Development; Capitalist, socialist, mixed economy, Gandhian; state, market, non- governmental organizations.

UNIT-4 Social Structure and Development; structure as a facilitator/ inhibitor, development and socio-economic disparities, gender and development. Culture and development; Culture as an aid, development and displacement of tradition.

UNIT-5 Indian Experience of development; sociological appraisal of Five-Year plans, social consequences of economic reforms, socio- cultural repercussions of globalization, social implications of info-tech revolution.

Formulating social policies and programmers; policy & project planning, implementations.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Abraham, M.F. : Modern Sociological Theory : An Introduction, OUP, New Delhi, 1990.
2. Agarwal B. : A Field of One's Own : Gender and Land Rights in South Asia, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994.
3. Appadurai, Arjun : Modernity at Large : Cultural Dismensions of Globalization. OUP, New Delhi, 1997.
4. Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen : India : Economic Development and Social Opportunity, OUP, New Delhi, 1996.
5. Desai, A.R. : India's Path of Development : A Marxist Approach, Popular Prakashan Bombay, 1985.
6. Giddens, Anthony : Introduction to Sociology IIInd Ed., W.W. Norton & Co. New york, 1996.
7. Harrison D. : The Sociology of Modernization and Development, Sage, New Delhi,1989.
8. Haq, Mahbub ul : Reflections on Human Development, OUP, New Delhi, 1991.
9. Moore, Wilbert and Robert Cook : Social Change, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1967.
10. Sharma S.L. : Development Socio-Cultural Dimensions, Rawat, Jaipur, 1986.
11. Srinivas, M.N. : Social Change in Modern India, University of Berkley, 1966.
12. Amin, Samir : Unequal Development OUP, New Delhi, 1979.
13. Giddens, Anthony : The Consequences of modernity, Polity Press, Combridge, 1990.
14. Kiely, Ray and Phil Marfleet (eds) : Globalization and the third World, Routledge, London, 1998.
15. UNDP : Human Development Report, Oxford University Press, New York, 1997.
16. UNDP : Sustainable Development, OUP, New York.
17. Wallerstein Imnannual : The Modern World System, OUP, New York, 1974.

18. World Bank : World Development Report, New York, 1995.

PAPER- IV
RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA
(Paper Code - 0326)

- UNIT-1** Rural society in India as agrarian and peasant social structure.
Basic characteristics of peasant and agrarian society.
- UNIT-2** Family, caste, religions, habitat and settlement, in rural society in India.
Debates of mode of production and agrarian relation-tenancy lands and labour.
- UNIT-3** Agrarian legislation and rural social structure.
Rural poverty, emigration, landless labour.
- UNIT-4** Planned change for rural society.
Panchayati Raj Role of women in panchayati Raj. Rural development strategies
(I R D P). Integrated Rural Development Programme.
- UNIT-5** Major agrarian movements in India-a critical analysis.
Globalisation and its impact on agriculture.
Water and agriculture; Irrigation management practices.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Berch, Berberogue Ed : Class State and Development in India, sage, New Delhi, 1992.
2. Desai A.R. : Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1977.
3. Mencher J.P. : Social Anthropology of Peasantry Part - III, OUP, 1983.
4. P. Radhakrishnan, : Peasant Struggles : Land Reforms and Social Change in malabar 1836-1982, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1989.
5. Thorner, Daniel and Thorner Alice : Land and Labour in India, Asia Publications Bombay, 1962.
6. Andre Betille : Six Essays in Comparative Sociology, OUP New Delhi, 1974.
7. Dharagare D.N. : Peasant Movements in India, OUP New Delhi, 1988.
8. Ashish Nandy : Ambiguous Journey to the City, New Delhi, OUP, 1999.

PAPER - V
URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA
(Paper Code - 0327)

- UNIT-I** Classical sociological traditions as urban and city dimensions, Emile Durkhiem, Karl Marx, Max Weber and Tonnies.

Urban community and spatial dimensions. Park, Burgers and Mc Kenzie.

George Simmel : Metropolis, Louis - Wirth Urbanism and Redfield Rural-Urban continuum as cultural form.

- UNIT-II** Urban sociology in India ; Emerging trends in urbanisation, Factors of urbanisation, sociological dimentions of urbanisation, Social consequences of urbanisation.
- UNIT-III** Classification of urban centres, cities and towns, City industrial urban-base, its growth and special features, Industry centered developments.
- UNIT-IV** Changing occupational structure, and its impact on social stratification - class, caste Gender, family Indian city and its growth, migration, problems of housing, slum development, urban environmental problems, urban poverty,

UNIT-V Urban planning and problems of urban management of India. Urban institutions, Factors affecting planning, regional planning and the links between social and spatial theory.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Quinn J.A., Urban Sociology, S Chand & Co., New Delhi 1955.
2. Pickwance C.G. (ed), Urban Sociology ; Critical Essays, Methuen 1976.
3. Saunders peter, Social Theory and Urban Question, Hutuchionson 1981.
4. Bose Ashish, Studies in India urbanisation 1901-1971, Tata McGraw Hill 1978.
5. Abrahamson M., Urban Sociology, Englewood, Prentice Hall 1976.
6. Ronnan, Paddison, Handbook of Urban Studies, Sage : India 2001.
7. Bharadwaj, R.K. : Urban Development in India. National Publishing House 1974.
8. Gold, Harry, : Sociology of Urban life. Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff 1982.
9. Colling Worth, J.b. : Problems of Urban Society VOL. 2 George and Unwin Ltd 1972.
10. Alfred de Souza. The Indian City ; Poverty, ecology and urban development Manohar, Delhi 1979.
11. Desai A.R. and Pillai S.D. (ed) Slums and Urbanisation, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1970.
12. Castells M, : The Urban Question, Edward Arnold, London 1977.
13. Ramachandran R. ; Urbanisation and Urban Systems in India, OUP, Delhi 1991.
14. Ellin Nan Post Modern Urbanisim, Oxford UK 1996.
15. Edward W. Soja, Post Metropolis ; Critical Studies of cites and regions. Oxford Blakcwell 2000.
16. Fawa F. Sylvia, : New Urbanism in World Perspectives - a Reader. T.Y. Cowell, New York 1968.

एम.ए. अंतिम समाजशास्त्र

एम.ए. अंतिम समाजशास्त्र में निम्नलिखित पांच प्रश्न-पत्र होंगे

क माक	प्रश्न-पत्र	प्रश्न-पत्र का नाम	कोड	पूर्णांक
1.	Papar I 100	Theoretical Perspectives in sociology	(0329)	
2.	Papar II 100	Perspectives on Indian Society	(0330)	
3	Papar III 100	Industry and Society in India.	(0332)	
4.	Papar IV 100	Criminology	(0333)	
5.	Papar V 100	Political Sociology.	(0334)	

PAPER - I
THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY
(Paper Code - Code-0329)

UNIT-I Introduction

Nature of sociological theory- Levels of theorisation in sociology- Relationship between theory and research.

Structural-Functionalism

The idea of social structure : A.R. Radcliffe-Brown- The problems of role analysis S.F. Nadel- Functional dimensions of social system : T. Parsons - Codification, critique and reformulation of functional analysis : R.K. Merton - Neofunctionalism : J. Alexander.

UNIT-II Conflict Theory

Marx critique and dialectics of conflict : R. Dahrendorf - Functional analysis of conflict L. Coser- Conflict and social change : R. Collins

UNIT-III Neo Marxism :

Structuralism Marxism : L. Althusser : Action Theory. Pareto, Max Weber and Parsons.

UNIT-IV Interactionist perspective

Symbolic Interactionism : G.H. Mead and H. Blumer - Phenomenological Sociology : A. Schutz - Social construction of reality : P. Berger and T.G. Luckmann, Ethnomethodology : H. Garflinkel

UNIT-V Recent trends in sociological theorizing

Structuration : Anthony Giddens - Habitus and field : Bourdieu - Postmodernism- Foucault and Botrilard.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

- Alexander, Jaffery C., Twenty lectures : Sociological theory since world war II. New York, Columbia University Press 1987.
- Bottmore, Tom. : The Frankfurt school, Chester, Sussex : Ellis Horwood and London : Tavistock Publications 1984.
- Craib, Ian. : Modern social theory : From Parsons to Haberman (2nd edition). London : Harvester Press 1992.
- Collins, randall, (Indian edition) : Sociological theory, Jaipur and New Delhi. Rawat 1997.
- Giddens, Anthony, : Central problems in social theory : Action, structure and contradiction in social analysis, London, Macmillan 1983.
- Kuper, Adam. : Anthropologists and anthropology : The British school, 1922-72 Harmondsworth, Middlesex : Penguin Books 1975.
- Kuper, Adam and Jessica Kuper (eds.). (2nd edition) : The social science encyclopaedia, London and New York : Routledge 1996

8. Ritzer, George. (3rd edition) : Sociological theory, New York : Mc Graw-Hill 1992.
9. Sturrock, John (ed.) : Structuralism and sinc : From Levi Strauss to Derida. Oxford : Oxford University Press 1979.
10. Turner, Jonathan H. (4th edition) : The Structure of sociological theory, Jaipur and New Delhi : Rawat 1995.
11. Zeitlin, Irving M. (Indian edition) : Rethinking sociology : A critique of contemporary theory, Jaipur and New Delhi : Rawat 1988.

PAPER - II
PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY
(Paper Code - 0330)

THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES

- UNIT-I** Indological/Textual (G.S. Ghure)
 Conceptualizing Indian Society in terms of certain distinctive characteristics and configuration Dharma, Varna, Ashrama, Karma, Rhen and Purushartha.
- UNIT-II** Synthesis of Textual and Field views (Irawati Karve, K.M. Kapadia)
 Linkage and Network building reasons group and community family, marriage, kinship system and Indian social organization.
- UNIT-III** Structural functionalism (M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube)
 The village as a nucleus of Indian Society, Social Hierarchy, Caste System, Caste and Class in Contemporary India.
- UNIT-IV** Civilizational View (N.K. Bose)
 The scal of magnitude of culture; religions, Institutionals and Linguistic, Diversity in India. Tradition and modernity as a continuity between past and present institutions.
- UNIT-V** Subaltern perspectives (B.R. Ambedkar)
 Elites, Backward classes, Minorities and Tribes, Problems of Scheduled caste and scheduled tribe, Indian society and Legislation, Casteism, Untouchability communalism, Regionalism and National integration.

ESSENTIAL READINGS :

1. DeSouza, P.R. ed. Contemporary India - Transitions (New Delhi : Sage) 2000.
2. Dhanagare, D.N. : Themes and Perspectives in India Sociology (Jaipur Rawat) 1993.
3. Dube, S.C. : Social Sciences in a Changing Society (Lucknow University Press) 1973.
4. Dube, S.C. : The Indian Village (London : Routledge, 1955) 1967.
5. Durnont, Louis : Homo Hierarchicus : The Caste System and its implications (New Delhi: Vikas) 1970.
6. Karve, Irawati : Hindu Society : An Interpretation (Poona : Deccan College) 1961.
7. Momin, A.R. : The Lagacy of G.S. Ghurye : A Centennial estschrift Popular Prakashan, Bombay) 1996.
8. Mukherjee : D.P. : Divesities People's Publishing House, Delhi 1958.
9. Oommen, T.K. and P.M. Mukherjee, eds. : Indian Sociology : Reflections and Introspections, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1986.
10. Singh, K.S. : The People of India : An Introduction, Seagull books, Calcutta 1992.
11. Singh, Y. : Indian Sociology : Social Conditioning and Emerging Concers, Delhi Vistaar 1986.
12. Singh, Y. : Modernisation of Indian Tradition, Delhi, Thomson Press 1973.
13. Srinivas, M.N. : India's Villages Asia Publishing House, Bombay 1960.
14. Tylor, Stephen : India : An Anthropological Perspective.
15. Hardiman, David : Feeding the Bania : Peasants and Usurers in Western India Oxford University Press 1996.

16. Hardiman, David : The coming of the Devi : Adivasi Assertion in Western India, Oxford University Press 1987.
17. Lannoy, Richard : The Speaking Tree, A Study of Indian Culture and Society, London, Oxford University Press 1971.
18. Marriott, McKim : Indian through Hindu Categories Sage, Delhi 1990.
19. Mohan, McKim : India through Hindu Categories Sage, Delhi 1990.
20. Mohan, R.P. and A.S. Wilke, eds. : International Handbook of Contemporary Developments in Sociology London, Mansell 1994.
21. Slinger, Milton and Bernard Cohn. eds. : Structure and Change in Indian Society, Chicago : Aldine Publishing Company 1968.
22. Singer, Milton : When A Great Tradition Modernizes, Delhi, Vikas 1972.

PAPER-III
INDUSTRY AND SOCIETY IN INDIA
(Paper Code - 0332)

COURSE OUTLINE :

- UNIT-I** Classical sociological tradition on industrial dimensions of society, Division of labour, Anomie, Bureaucracy, rationality, production relations surplus value and alienation. E, Durkheim KMarx and M Weber
- UNIT-II** Family, religion, stratification, habitat, settlement and environmental problems through industrialisation process.
- UNIT-III** Work, work process, technology and labour, work culture work ethics and human relation work.
 The concept of organisation (formal and informal organisation) its structure and functions, personel management scope and function.
- UNIT-IV** Industrial relations, conflicts, causes and types Resolution of conflict, conciliation, collective bargaining.
 Trade union, their growth, functions and their role in industrial organisation.
- UNIT-V** Participatory management - varieties of such management, Industrial community labour migration, Women and child labour, family, Industrial city, social and

environmental issues.

BOOK RECOMMENDED :

1. Zetlin Irwing, : Ideology and the development of Sociological theory VOL 1 & VOL 2. Basic Books, New York 1969.
2. Watson,k Tony, : Sociology work and industry, Routeledge Kegan, paul 1995.
3. Ramaswamy E.A. : Industry and Labour OUP 1988.
4. Ramaswamy E.A. : Industrial relations in India, New Delhi 1978.
5. Karnik V B : Indian trade union, A survey, Popular Prakashan, Mumbai 1970.
6. Mamoria C B and Mamoria : Dynamics of Industrial Relation in India, Himalay Publishing House, Mumbai 1992.
7. Ramaswamy E.A. : The worker and his Union, Allied, New Delhi 1977.
8. Ramaswamy E.A. : The worker and Trade Union Allied, New Delhi 1977.
9. Agarwal R.D : Dynamics of Labour Relations in India,A book readings, Tata Mc Graw Hill 1972.
10. Laxmanna, C et all : Workers Participation and industrial democracy. Global perspective Ajantha Publications 1990.
11. Philip Hancock, Melissa Taylor : Work Post Modernism and Organisation Sage India 2001.
12. Aziz Abdul : Labour problems or developing Economy Ashish publishing house 1984.
13. Miller and Form : Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row, New York 1964.

14. Parker S.R Brown K Chield and Smith, M.A. : The Sociology of Industry, George Allen and Urwin Ltd. London 1964.
15. Gilbert S.J. : Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing co. Ltd. New Delhi 1985.

**CRIMINOLOGY-IV
(Paper Code - 0333)**

- UNIT-I** Conceptual Approaches to Crime : legal, behavioral and sociological ; deviance, crime and delinquency ; types of crime - economic, violent, white-collar.
- UNIT-II** Perspectives on Crime Causation : classical, positivist, psychological, sociological, marxian, geographical ; recent theoretical advances - the criminal personality, labelling theory
- UNIT-III** Changing Profile of Crime and Criminals : organized crimes, crimes against women and children, cyber crimes, corruption, changing socio-economic profile of criminals in contemporary India.
Theories of punishment : retributive, deterrent, reformative, futility and cost of punishment
- UNIT-IV** Correction and its Forms : meaning and significance of correction : forms of correction-prison-based, community-based
Correctional Programmes in prisons : history of prison reforms in India, national policy on prisons : scientific classification of prisoners ; modernization of prison industry and involvement of private sector ; correctional programmes - educational, vocational, psychiatric, meditation, recreation, etc. New Delhi Model of Correction
- UNIT-V** Problems of Correctional Administration : antiquated jail manual and prison act. overcrowding, custodial mindset : lack of inter-agency coordination among police, prosecution, judiciary and prison ; human rights and prison management, limitations and prospects of correction .
Alternatives to Imprisonment : probation, parole, open prisons, after-care and rehabilitation

BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Bedi, Kiran It Is Always Possible. New Delhi : Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd. 1998.
2. Gill, S.S. : The Pathology of Corruption. New Delhi : Harper Collins Publishers (India) 1998.
3. Goel, Rakesh M. and Manohar S. Powar, Computer Crime : Concept, Control and Prevention. Bombay : Sysman Computers Pvt. Ltd. 1994.
4. Lilly, J, Robert, Francis T, Wallen and Richard Ball A. Criminological Theory, Context and Consequences. New Delhi : Sage Publications 1995.
5. Makkar, S.P. Singh and Paul C. Friday, Global perspectives in Criminology, Jalandhar : ABC Publications 1993
6. Ministry of Home Affairs, Crime in India. New Delhi : Government of India 1998.
7. Reid, Suetitus. Crime and Criminology, Ikkinayse : Deydan Press 1976.
8. Shankardas, Rani Dhavan, Punishment and the Prison : India and International Perspective. New Delhi : Sage Publications 2000.
9. Sutherland, Edwin H. and Konald R. Cressey. Principles of Criminology. Bombay : The Times of India Press 1968.
10. Walklete, Sandra, Understanding Criminology. Philadelphia : Open University Press 1998.
11. Williamsan, harald E. Criminological Theory. New Jersey : Prentice-Hall 1990.

12. Williamsan, Harald E. The Correction profession, New Delhi : Sage Publications 1990.
13. Bequai, August. Computer Crime. Tononto : Lesington Books 1978.
14. Buckland, John. Combating Computer Crime : Prevention, Detection and Investigation, New Delhi : McGraw Hill 1992.
15. Drapkin, Ismail and Viano, Emilio. Victimology : A New Focus. London, Lesington press 1975.
16. Hallman, Taryl A. The Economics of Crime. New York : St. Martin's Press 1950.
17. Inciarti James A. and Pottieger Anne E. 1978. Violent Crime : Historical and Contemporary Issues. London : Sage Publications.
18. Ministry of Home Affairs. Report of the All India Committee on Jail Reforms. 1980-83, New Delhi : Government of India.
19. Pace, Denay F. Concept of Vice, Narcotics and Organised Crime. London Prentice - Hall 1991.
20. Revid, Jorathan. Economic Crime. London, Kegan Paul 1995.
21. Ryan, Ptrick J. and George Rush. Understanding Organized Crime in Global Perspective. London : Sage Publications 1997.
22. Weisburd, Dand and Kip Schlegal. White Collar Crime Reconsidered. Boston Northeastern University Press 1990.

PAPER -V
POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY
(Paper Code - 0334)

- UNIT-I** Definition and subject matter of Political Sociology, distinctive approach of Political Sociology, Interrelationship between political system and society.
 Democratic and totalitarian systems : socio-economic conditions conducive for their emergence and stability.
- UNIT-II** Political Culture : meaning and significance, political socialization-meaning, significance and agencies.
 Elite theories of distribution of power in society (with reference to Mosca, Pareto, R. Mitchels and C.W. Mills and Others)
 Intellectuals : Political role of intellectuals - significance.
- UNIT-III** Pressure groups and interests groups - Nature, bases, political significance. Bureaucracy, its characteristics, its types, its significance in political development with special reference to India.
- UNIT-IV** Political Parties : Characteristics, social composition of parties, recruitment, mass participation, political apathy, its causes and consequences (with special reference to India.)
- UNIT-V** Political Process in India : Role of caste, Religion, Regionalism and language in Indian Politics.
 Public Opinion : Role of mass media, problems of communication in illiterate societies ; its reference on parties and polity, politicization of social life.

ESSENTIAL READINGS :

1. Dowse, R.E. & Hughes : Political Sociology, New York, Basic Book 1971.
2. Horowitz, Irving L. : Foundation of Political Sociology, New York, Harper and Row 1972.
3. Ruciman W.G. : Social Sciences and Political Theory, Cambridge University Press, London 1965.
4. Eisenstadi, S.N. (ed.) : Political Sociology, New York, Basic Book 1971.
5. Krrnhauer, W. : The Politics of Mass Society, Penguin 1971.
6. Kothari R. : Politics in India, Orient Longmans Ltd 1979.
7. Merton, R.K. (ed.) : Reader in Bureaucracy : Gienco The Free Press 1952.
8. Key V.O. : Politics, Parties and Pressure Groups, Crowell, New York 1964.
9. Mills C.W. & Hans Gerth : Essays in Sociology, Oxford, New York 1946.
10. Samuel P., Huntington: Political Order in Changing Societies, Yale University Press, New Haven 1969.

11. Almond A. Gabriel et.al. : Crises, choice and change : Historical studies political development, Boston 1973.
12. P. Blau : Bureaucracy in Modern Society : Random House, New York 1956.
13. Lipset S.M.: Political Man, H.E.B 1959.
14. William Riker et.al. : An Introduction to Positive Political Theory, Englewood Cliff 1973.
15. Robert Michels : Political Parties, Glencko Free Press 1949.
16. Benedict Anderson : Imagined Communities : Reflections on the origin spread of Nationalism, Beso, London 1983.
17. Dipti Kumar Biswas : Political Sociology, Firma KLM Private, Calcutta 1989.
18. Rajani Kothari (ed.) : Caste in Indian Politics : Orient Longmans Ltd 1973.
19. Barrington Moore Jr. : Political Power and Social Theory, Cambridge, Hall University Press 1958.
20. Mitra, Subratha K. : Power protest and participation : Local Elides and politics of development in India, Routledge 1992.